

though mentioned (loc. cit) as a character of *jotaka*, appears in several *hazarae* available for examination. The relative lengths of the primaries would therefore appear to be inconsistent or intergrading.

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8. EXTENSION OF THE BREEDING RANGE OF SYKES'S NIGHTJAR (*CAPRIMULGUS MAHRATTENSIS* SYKES) IN INDIAN LIMITS

A fledgling male nightjar, Reg. No. 11721, with both wings and tail in quill, obtained by Sir Geoffery Archer at Charwa, near Bhuj, Kutch, on 26 July 1939 is marked *Caprimulgus mahrattensis*. The tarsus is naked and, except for some more rufous on the wing coverts, the colour agrees with that of adult male *mahrattensis*, and there can be no doubt it is correctly named.

Caprimulgus mahrattensis is omitted in Sâlim Ali's BIRDS OF KUTCH and, though known as a winter visitor to Gujarat and southwards, this appears to be the southernmost breeding record, the nearest being in Sind.

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9. OCCURRENCE OF THE LONG-EARED OWL [*ASIO OTUS OTUS* (LINNAEUS)] IN NORTH BURMA

B. E. Smythies in the second edition (1953) of the BIRDS OF BURMA, page 379, refers to a Short-eared Owl [*Asio flammeus flammeus* (Pontopidan)] picked up near the Seinghku-Adung confluence in North Burma. In the course of cataloguing the Bombay collection, we find Sp. No. 11810, unsexed, collected on 19 February 1945 by Smythies at 4000', Saprudam, Upper N'mai Hka (5 miles south of Adung-Seinghku confluence), listed under *flammeus* to be a Long-eared Owl [*Asio otus otus* (Linnaeus)] which is no doubt the specimen referred to by him earlier.